Below is the Multiple Sclerosis Questionnaire used for data collection derived from MS NICE guidelines ⁶

	based on Mu	Itiple Sclerosis	s NICE guideliı	nes 2014			
Name:	ID number:						
Gender:	Date of Birth:						
Year of diagnosis:	iagnosis: Date of Relapse:						
Recognizing a Relapse							
- Developed new symptom	s or worsening o	of existing symp	toms		[1.7.3]		
□ Yes □	no						
- Duration of symptoms:					[1.7.3]		
24 hours	□ >24hou	ırs					
- Infection ruled out:					[1.7.4]		
□ Yes	🗆 no						
If yes:		🗆 RTI	🗆 GI	□ Other			
- Signs and symptoms discr	iminated from [Disease progress	ion or fluctuati	ion	[1.7.4]		
□ Yes	🗆 no						
-Time from onset of symtpoms to treatment:					[1.7.5]		
□ <14 days	□ >14 da	ys					
-Impact on Activities of D	aily living				[1.7.5]		
 Yes Symptoms present for log 	[1.7.5]						
□ Yes	🗆 no						
Treating a Relapse							
- Treatment prescribed:					[1.7.7; 1.7.8]		

	Dose	Frequency	Duration	
□ Methylprednisolone IV				
Prednisolone PO				
🗆 Other				
Taraturat a la satisat				[1 7 0]
-Treatment as In-patient :				[1.7.8]
In-patient		Length of stay	□	No
- If treated as In-Patient, what	[1.7.8, 1.7.	9, 1.7.10]		
Severe Relapse.				
Image: Monitoring of me	dical condition			
Monitoring of psy	chological condition			
Poor social suppo	rt			
🗆 Other				
-Extra-supply of steroids pres	cibed for self adminstration	on		[1.7.10
🗆 Yes 🗌 no	0			
Information about treatin	ng a relapse of steroid	<u>ls</u>		
-Benefits and risks of treatme	nt discussed:			[1.7.11
□ Yes	🗆 no			
-Potential Side Effects of treat	ment discussed:			[1.7.12
□ Yes	🗆 no			
- Information of Potential Side	e Effects of treatment give	en:		[1.7.13
Yes	□ no			-
-Multidisciplinary team inforn	ned:			[1.7.14
Neurologist		upational therapy		
	□ GP		Physiotherapy	

Medical, therapy and social care needs at time of relapse or exacerbation

- Rehabilitation Referral
- Social worker referral
- $\hfill\square$ In-patient treatment offerred if deficient medical or social care needs at home
- $\hfill\square$ Patient informed of short term cognitive effects of relapse
- Symptom management